



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: William Quinn
DOCKET NO.: 09-25269.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 10-32-411-053-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are William Quinn, the appellant(s), by attorney Julie Realmuto, of McCarthy Duffy in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds no change in the assessment of the property as established by the Cook County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$15,750
IMPR.: \$40,882
TOTAL: \$56,632

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

ANALYSIS

The subject property consists of an 11,250 square foot parcel of land improved with a 60 year old, single-family dwelling with three fireplaces and a full finished basement. The appellant argued unequal treatment in the assessment process as the basis of this appeal.

The appellant's evidence lists the subject as containing 2,655 square feet of living area, one-story, frame exterior and two bathrooms whereas the board of review's evidence lists the subject at 3,524 square feet of living area, two-story, masonry exterior, and three bathrooms.

In support of the equity argument, the appellant submitted descriptions and assessment information on a total of three properties suggested as comparable and located within the subject's neighborhood with two located on the same block. The properties are described as one-story, frame or masonry, single-family dwellings, with one or one and a half baths, air conditioning for two properties, one fireplace for two properties, and partial basements. The properties are 52 to 59

years old with 2,538 to 3,151 square feet of living area and have improvement assessments from \$12.43 to \$12.67 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" wherein the subject's improvement assessment of \$40,882 or \$11.60 per square foot of living area was disclosed. In support of the subject's assessment, the board of review presented descriptions and assessment information on four properties suggested as comparable and located within the subject's neighborhood with one property within a quarter mile of the subject. The properties are described as two-story, masonry or frame and masonry single-family dwellings with two and a half or two baths and two half baths, full basements, air conditioning for three properties, and one or two fireplaces. The properties are 57 to 61 years old with 2,811 to 3,262 square feet of living area and have improvement assessments of \$19.00 to \$19.60 per square foot of living area. In addition, the board of review also submitted the property characteristic printout evidencing the property's square footage as 3,524 square feet, two-story, masonry exterior, and three bathrooms. A photograph of the property was also submitted. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

After reviewing the record and considering the evidence, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of this appeal.

The appellant contends unequal treatment in the subject's improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. Taxpayers who object to an assessment on the basis of lack of uniformity bear the burden of proving the disparity of assessment valuations by clear and convincing evidence. Kankakee County Board of Review v. Property Tax Appeal Board, 131 Ill.2d 1 (1989). After an analysis of the assessment data, the PTAB finds the appellant has not met this burden.

As to the subject's square footage, exterior construction and number of bathrooms, the PTAB finds the appellant failed to submit any evidence to show that the county has incorrectly described the subject characteristics. Therefore the PTAB finds the subject contains 3,524 square feet of living area, masonry exterior construction and three bathrooms. Further, the appellant failed to submit evidence or refute the board's evidence pertaining to the number of stories. Therefore the PTAB finds that the subject also contains two stories. This square footage reflects an assessment for the improvement of \$40,882 or \$11.60 per square foot.

The parties presented a total of seven properties suggested as comparable to the subject. The PTAB finds the board of review's comparables #1, #2 and #3 most similar to the subject in size, construction, and age. The properties are described as two-story, masonry, and single-family dwellings. The properties are 57 to 61 years old with 3,012 to 3,262 square feet of living area and have improvement assessments from \$19.00 to \$19.01 per square foot of living area. In comparison, the subject's improvement assessment of \$11.60 per square foot of living area is below the range of these comparables. Therefore, after considering adjustments and the differences in both parties' comparables when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's per square foot improvement assessment is supported and a reduction in the improvement assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: April 20, 2012



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing

complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.