FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Dragisic & Jovanovic
DOCKET NO.: 08-26955.001-C-1
PARCEL NO.: 24-11-101-008-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Dragisic & Jovanovic, the appellant, by attorney Brian P. Liston, of Law Offices of Liston & Tsantilis, P.C. in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds ***no change*** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	$ 16,327
IMPR.:	$ 57,605
TOTAL:	$ 73,932

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Cook County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2008 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a one-story, commercial building used as a retail/storefront containing 2,100 square feet of building area. The building was constructed in 1957. The property consists of a 3,125 square foot site and is located in Worth Township, Cook County. The subject is classified as a

class 5A, commercial property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted descriptive and sales data on two grid sheets relating to three suggested sale comparables. The properties sold from April, 2007, to November, 2008, for prices that ranged from $66.67 to $77.78 per square foot of building area. The improvements ranged in size from 1,800 to 3,750 square feet with varying stories, tenants, and amenities.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of $73,932. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of $194,557 or $92.65 per square foot of building area, including land, when applying the level of assessment for class 5A, commercial property under the Cook County Real Property Assessment Classification Ordinance of 38%.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted descriptive and sales data relating to 7 suggested comparable sales. The improvements are identified as retail/storefront uses. The properties sold from October, 2002, to April, 2009, for prices that ranged from $99.65 to $190.24 per square foot. The buildings ranged in size from 1,470 to 2,860 square feet.

Moreover, the board of review's memorandum stated that the data was not intended to be an appraisal or an estimate of value and should not be construed as such. The memorandum indicated that the information provided therein had been collected from various sources that were assumed to be factual and reliable; however, it further indicated that the writer hereto had not verified the information or sources and did not warrant its accuracy.

The board of review’s representative rested on the board’s evidence submission. As to the appellant’s sales, he argued that sale #2 and #3 occurred after the financial crash, while the appellant submitted no evidence that the sales were an arm’s length transaction.

In rebuttal argument, the appellant’s attorney asserted that the appellant’s submitted sale properties are better comparables than the properties submitted by the board of review. He also argued that the board’s sales #1, #4, #5 and #6 were too distant

in time to be relevant, while sale #3 occurred in 2009 after the 2008 lien date at issue.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant *did not meet* this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment *is not* warranted.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be *the appellant's comparable #3 as well as the board of review's comparables #2 and #3.* These comparables sold for prices ranging from $77.78 to $158.16 per square foot of building area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of $92.65 per square foot of building area, including land, which is at the low end of the range established by the best comparable sales in this record. Based on this evidence and after making adjustments for pertinent factors, the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment *is not* justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

Chairman

Member

Member

Member

Member

DISSENTING:

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: October 24, 2014

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.