FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Robert Vladem
DOCKET NO.: 08-23774.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 05-16-106-007-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Robert Vladem, the appellant, by attorney Adam E. Bossov, of the Law Offices of Adam E. Bossov, P.C. of Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **no change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	$52,348
IMPR.:	$221,854
TOTAL:	$274,202

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

ANALYSIS

The subject property is improved with a two-story dwelling of masonry construction containing 7,129 square feet of living area. The dwelling is 17 years old. Features of the home include a full unfinished basement, central air conditioning, three fireplaces and a 3-car garage.

The appellant's appeal is based on unequal treatment in the assessment process. The appellant submitted information on four comparable properties with the same neighborhood code as the subject property. The comparables consist of two-story frame, masonry, or frame and masonry dwellings that range in age from 11 to 77 years old. The comparable dwellings range in size from 6,552 to 9,644 square feet of living area. Each comparable has central air conditioning, two or three fireplaces and a 2-car to 4-car garage. Three comparables have partial basements of which one is finished with a recreation room and one comparable has a full basement finished with a recreation room. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from $19.83 to $28.87 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment

is $31.12 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" wherein the subject's final assessment of $274,202 was disclosed. The board of review presented descriptions and assessment information on four comparable properties with the same neighborhood code as the subject. Comparable #1 was located on the same street and the same block as the subject. The comparables consist of two-story masonry dwellings that range in age from 16 to 77 years old. The dwellings range in size from 5,064 to 7,859 square feet of living area. Each comparable has a full unfinished basement, two to four fireplaces and a 2-car to 3-car garage. Three comparables have central air conditioning. Comparables #1, #3 and #4 are described as being of deluxe construction quality. These properties have improvement assessments ranging from $31.46 to $38.45 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

After reviewing the record and considering the evidence, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of this appeal. The Board further finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The appellant contends unequal treatment in the subject's improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. Taxpayers who object to an assessment on the basis of lack of uniformity bear the burden of proving the disparity of assessment valuations by clear and convincing evidence. Kankakee County Board of Review v. Property Tax Appeal Board, 131 Ill.2d 1 (1989). After an analysis of the assessment data, the Board finds a reduction is not warranted.

The Board finds comparables #1 and #2 submitted by the appellant and comparable #3 submitted by the board of review are dissimilar in size and/or age when compared to the subject and less weight was given to these properties. The Board finds comparables #3 and #4 submitted by the appellant and comparable #4 submitted by the board of review are dissimilar in age when compared to the subject and less weight was given to these properties. The Board finds comparables #1 and #2 submitted by the board of review most similar to the subject in location, exterior construction, size, features and age. These comparables had improvement assessments of $36.97 and $38.45 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of $31.12 per square foot of living area is below the most similar comparables. After considering adjustments to the comparable properties for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's improvement assessment is equitable and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The constitutional provision for uniformity of taxation and valuation does not require mathematical equality. The

requirement is satisfied if the intent is evident to adjust the burden with a reasonable degree of uniformity and if such is the effect of the statute enacted by the General Assembly establishing the method of assessing real property in its general operation. A practical uniformity, rather than an absolute one, is the test. Apex Motor Fuel Co. v. Barrett, 20 Ill.2d 395 (1960). Although the comparables presented by the appellant disclosed that properties located in the same area are not assessed at identical levels, all that the constitution requires is a practical uniformity which appears to exist on the basis of the evidence. For the foregoing reasons, the Board finds that the appellant has not proven by clear and convincing evidence that the subject property is inequitably assessed. Therefore, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that the subject's assessment as established by the board of review is correct and no reduction is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

Chairman

Member

Member

Member

Member

DISSENTING:

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: July 20, 2012

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing

complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board’s decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.