



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Paul Aurandt
DOCKET NO.: 08-21218.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 15-01-309-002-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Paul Aurandt, the appellant, by attorney James E. Doherty of Thomas M. Tully & Associates in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds no change in the assessment of the property as established by the Cook County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$23,552
IMPR: \$95,484
TOTAL: \$119,036

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

ANALYSIS

The subject property is improved with a two-story dwelling of masonry construction containing 4,356 square feet of living area. The dwelling is 66 years old. Features of the home include a full unfinished basement, three fireplaces and a two-car garage.

The appellant's appeal is based on unequal treatment in the assessment process. The appellant submitted information on four comparable properties described as two-story masonry or frame and masonry dwellings that range in age from 70 to 80 years old. The comparable dwellings range in size from 3,858 to 4,994 square feet of living area. Features include full or partial basements and two to three-car garages. One of the comparables had finished recreation room space in the basement and two comparables had central air conditioning. One comparable had a single fireplace and one had two fireplaces. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$78,783 to \$102,835 or from \$19.68 to \$20.80 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment is \$95,484 or \$21.92 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment to \$87,120 or \$20.00 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" wherein the subject's final assessment was disclosed. The board of review presented descriptions and assessment information on four comparable properties consisting of two-story masonry or frame and masonry dwellings that range in age from 75 to 79 years old. The dwellings range in size from 3,984 to 4,682 square feet of living area. Features include full basements and two to three-car garages. One comparable had a finished recreation room in the basement and three comparables had central air conditioning. Two comparables had one fireplace and two comparables had two fireplaces. These properties had improvement assessments ranging from \$95,766 to \$120,608 or from \$23.19 to \$26.00 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

After reviewing the record and considering the evidence, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of this appeal. The Board further finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The appellant contends unequal treatment in the subject's improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. Taxpayers who object to an assessment on the basis of lack of uniformity bear the burden of proving the disparity of assessment valuations by clear and convincing evidence. Kankakee County Board of Review v. Property Tax Appeal Board, 131 Ill.2d 1 (1989). After an analysis of the assessment data, the Board finds the appellant has not met this burden.

The parties to the appeal submitted a total of eight comparable properties for the Board's consideration. The Board finds the comparables submitted by both parties to be similar to the subject in location, size, style, exterior construction, features and age. Due to their similarities to the subject, these comparables received equal weight in the Board's analysis. The comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from \$19.68 to \$26.00 per square foot of living area. Those comparables closest in size of living area to the subject had assessments ranging from \$20.35 to \$26.00 per square foot of area. The subject is newer than all the comparables in the record and had an improvement assessment of \$21.92 per square foot of living area which is within the range established by the most similar comparables. After considering adjustments and the differences in both parties' comparables when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's improvement assessment is supported by the assessments of the comparables submitted into the record. Thus, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds the subject's assessment is equitable and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

Donald R. Cuit

Chairman

K. L. Fern

Member

Frank A. Huff

Member

Mario Morris

Member

Member

DISSENTING: _____

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: June 21, 2013

Allen Castrovillari

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing

complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.