



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Robert & Evelyn Allen
DOCKET NO.: 08-20268.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 15-01-311-013-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Robert & Evelyn Allen, the appellants, and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds a reduction in the assessment of the property as established by the Cook County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND: \$11,676
IMPR.: \$100
TOTAL: \$11,776**

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

ANALYSIS

The subject property is improved with a 2-story dwelling of masonry construction containing 3,397 square feet of living area. The dwelling is 29 years old. Features of the home include a partial unfinished basement, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a 2-car garage.

The appellants' appeal is based on overvaluation. The appellants submitted an affidavit claiming they purchased the home in 2006 for the purpose of tear down. They further claim the dwelling is vacant, in poor condition and uninhabitable. Due to economic conditions the home has not been razed. The appellants did not include any photos to support the claim of poor condition and did not submit any evidence of the nature or conditions of the sale. Based on this evidence, the appellants requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" wherein the subject's final assessment was disclosed. The subject's improvement assessment of \$85,660 reflects a market value of \$892,292 when applying the 2008 three year median level of assessments for Cook County class 2 property of 9.60% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue. The board of review presented descriptions and assessment information on four equity comparable properties which were not applicable to this

situation. The board of review disclosed that the subject was purchased in October 2006 for \$68,450. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

After reviewing the record and considering the evidence, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of this appeal. The Board further finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The appellants argued the subject property is overvalued based on the condition and the recent purchase of the property for \$68,450 in October 2006. When market value is the basis of the appeal, the value must be proven by a preponderance of the evidence. Winnebago County Board of Review v. Property Tax Appeal Board, 313 Ill.App.3d 179 183, 728 N.E.2d 1256 (2nd Dist. 2000). The Board finds the appellants have overcome this burden.

The Illinois Supreme Court has defined fair cash value as what the property would bring at a voluntary sale where the owner is ready, willing, and able to sell but not compelled to do so, and the buyer is ready, willing, and able to buy but not forced to do so. Springfield Marine Bank v. Property Tax Appeal Board, 44 Ill.2d. 428, (1970). A contemporaneous sale of property between parties dealing at arm's-length is a relevant factor in determining the correctness of an assessment and may be practically conclusive on the issue of whether an assessment is reflective of market value. Rosewell v. 2626 Lakeview Limited Partnership, 120 Ill.App.3d 369 (1st Dist. 1983), People ex rel. Munson v. Morningside Heights, Inc, 45 Ill.2d 338 (1970), People ex rel. Korzen v. Belt Railway Co. of Chicago, 37 Ill.2d 158 (1967); and People ex rel. Rhodes v. Turk, 391 Ill. 424 (1945).

The Property Tax Appeal Board finds this record shows the appellants purchased the subject property for \$68,450 in October 2006, 14 months prior to the subject's January 1, 2008 assessment date. The appellants did not submit any evidence regarding the circumstances surrounding the sale. The board of review also disclosed the sale in their evidence and did not challenge the conditions of the sale. Based on this analysis, the Board finds the sale price of \$68,450 is the best evidence of market value in the record. Therefore a reduction in the subject's assessment based on overvaluation is warranted. Given the appellants' description of the condition of the improvement the Board finds the dwelling contributes little to the value of the property.

Based on this record the Board finds a reduction in the subject's assessment commensurate with the appellant's request is appropriate.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

Ronald R. Cuit

Chairman

K. L. Fern

Member

Frank A. Huff

Member

Mario Morris

Member

Shawn R. Lerbis

Member

DISSENTING: _____

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: June 24, 2011

Allen Castrovillari

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing

complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.