



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Herman A. Crayton  
DOCKET NO.: 08-03062.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 14-33-206-018

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Herman A. Crayton, the appellant, by attorney Clyde B. Hendricks in Peoria, and the Peoria County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds no change in the assessment of the property as established by the Peoria County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$2,800  
**IMPR.:** \$14,010  
**TOTAL:** \$16,810

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**ANALYSIS**

The subject property consists of an 88 year-old, two-story, "old style" frame dwelling that contains 1,592 square feet of living area. The subject has a full unfinished basement and is located in Peoria, Peoria Township, Peoria County.

Through an attorney, the appellant appeared before the Property Tax Appeal Board claiming overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant submitted the subject's property record card, as well as multiple listing sheets and a grid analysis of three comparable properties. The comparables consist of 1.5-story or 2.0-story brick or frame dwellings that were built between 1890 and 1920 and range in size from 1,596 to 1,860 square feet of living area. Features of the comparables include full or partial unfinished basements and a fireplace. Two comparables have central air conditioning and garages that contain 240 or 400 square feet of building area. These properties sold between June 2007 and June 2008 for prices ranging from \$27,500 to \$35,000 or from \$14.78 to \$19.64 per square foot of living area including land. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's assessment be

reduced to \$10,000, reflecting a market value of approximately \$30,000.

The board of review submitted its Board of Review Notes on Appeal wherein the subject's total assessment of \$16,810 was disclosed. The subject has an estimated market value of \$50,740 or \$31.87 per square foot of living area including land, as reflected by its assessment and Peoria County's 2008 three-year median level of assessments of 33.13%.

In support of the subject's estimated market value as reflected by its assessment, the board of review submitted property record cards and a grid analysis of three comparable properties, two of which are located in the same assessor's assigned neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables consist of two-story or one and one-half-story old style frame dwellings that were built between 1916 and 1930 and range in size from 1,344 to 1,784 square feet of living area. Features of the comparables include full or partial unfinished basements and garages that contain from 280 to 576 square feet of building area. Two comparables have central air conditioning. These properties sold between July 2007 and July 2009 for prices ranging from \$45,500 to \$57,000 or from \$28.42 to \$37.90 per square foot of living area including land. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested the subject's assessment be confirmed.

In rebuttal, the appellant argued two of the board of review's comparables have features not enjoyed by the subject and one comparable sold in 2009, which is not a valid comparable when trying to establish the subject's 2008 value.

After reviewing the record and considering the evidence, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of this appeal. The Property Tax Appeal Board further finds no reduction in the subject property's assessment is warranted.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. When market value is the basis of the appeal, the value must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. National City Bank of Michigan/Illinois v. Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board, 331 Ill.App.3d 1038 (3<sup>rd</sup> Dist. 2002). After analyzing the market evidence submitted, the Board finds the appellant has failed to meet this burden.

The Board finds the parties submitted six comparables for its consideration. The Board gave less weight to the appellant's comparables #1 and #2 and the board of review's comparable #2 because their 1.5-story designs differed from the subject's 2.0-story design. The Board finds the remaining comparables submitted by the parties were similar to the subject in design, exterior construction, age, size and some features and sold for prices ranging from \$27,500 to \$57,000 or from \$14.78 to \$37.90 per square foot of living area including land. The subject's estimated market value as reflected by its assessment of \$50,740

or \$31.87 per square foot of living area including land falls within this range. After considering adjustments and differences in both parties' comparables when compared to the subject, the Board finds the evidence in the record supports the subject's assessment and no reduction is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

*Ronald R. Cuit*

Chairman

*K. L. Fern*

Member

*Frank A. Huff*

Member

*Mario Morris*

Member

*J. R.*

Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: May 18, 2012

*Allen Castrovillari*

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing

complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.