



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: James & Diane Foster
DOCKET NO.: 08-02163.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 14-33-476-066

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are James & Diane Foster, the appellants, by attorney Clyde B. Hendricks in Peoria, and the Peoria County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds no change in the assessment of the property as established by the Peoria County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$ 2,810
IMPR.: \$ 17,780
TOTAL: \$ 20,590

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

ANALYSIS

The subject property is improved with a one and one-half story dwelling of frame construction containing 1,550 square feet of living area. The dwelling was built in 1929. Features include a basement with a finished recreation area, central air conditioning, a fireplace and a garage.

The appellants submitted evidence before the Property Tax Appeal Board claiming overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of the claim the appellants submitted information on three comparable properties. They are located three or four blocks from the subject. The appellants' comparables consist of two-story frame dwellings. They were built from 1923 to 1928. They contain 1,434 or 1,682 square feet of living area. All have basements. One has central air conditioning, a fireplace, a garage, and a finished recreation room in the basement. The comparables sold from July 2007 to October 2008 for \$38,500 to \$45,500 or \$26.75 to \$31.25 per square foot of living area including land. Based on this evidence, the appellants requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" wherein the subject's assessment of \$20,590 was disclosed. The subject's assessment reflects an estimated market

value of \$62,149 or \$40.10 per square foot of living area including land using Peoria County's 2008 three-year median level of assessments of 33.13%.

In support of the subject's assessment the board of review presented descriptions and sale price information on five comparable properties. They are located from 0.08 mile to nine blocks from the subject. They consist of one and one-half story frame or brick dwellings that were built from 1916 to 1929. The dwellings have 1,360 to 1,956 square feet of living area. All have basements, four have central air conditioning and garages, and three have fireplaces. The board of review's comparables sold from May 2007 to June 2008 for \$61,500 to \$87,900 or \$34.55 to \$58.13 per square foot of living area including land. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

In rebuttal the appellants provided MLS sheets relating to comparable properties cited by the board of review. The appellants highlighted differences between the subject and the board of review's comparables. The appellants also argued that it is unfair to compare owner-occupied homes with rental properties such as the subject.

After reviewing the record and considering the evidence, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of this appeal. The Board further finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The appellants argued the subject is overvalued. When market value is the basis of the appeal, the value must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. Winnebago County Board of Review v. Property Tax Appeal Board, 313 Ill. App. 3d 179, 183, 728 N.E.2d 1256 (2nd Dist. 2000). After an analysis of the evidence, the Board finds the appellants have not met this burden.

The record contains eight suggested comparable sales for the Board's consideration. The appellants' comparables are of a different design than the subject. The board of review's comparable #5 is nine blocks (or according to the appellant's rebuttal, 15 blocks) from the subject. The remaining four comparables are of similar size, design and location to the subject. They sold for \$61,500 to \$81,000 or \$34.55 to \$46.32 per square foot of living area including land. The subject's estimated market value of \$62,149 or \$40.10 per square foot of living area including land is well within that range. One of the two comparables that has a lower per-square-foot selling price than the subject lacks central air conditioning, a garage, a fireplace and a finished recreation area enjoyed by the subject, while the other lacks the fireplace and a finished recreation area. After considering the evidence the Board finds the appellants have not proven by a preponderance of the evidence that the subject is overvalued and no reduction is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

Ronald R. Cuit

Chairman

K. L. Fern

Member

Frank A. Huff

Member

Mario M. Louie

Member

Shawn P. Lerbis

Member

DISSENTING: _____

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: December 23, 2010

Allen Castrovillari

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing

complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.