



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Jeffrey Gustafson
DOCKET NO.: 07-26769.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 15-15-419-064-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Jeffrey Gustafson, the appellant, by attorney Stephanie Park of Park & Longstreet, P.C., Rolling Meadows, and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds no change in the assessment of the property as established by the Cook County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$2,520
IMPR.: \$27,792
TOTAL: \$30,312

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

ANALYSIS

The subject property consists of a two-story, multi-family building of masonry construction that contains 4,148 square feet of living area and six apartments. The building is approximately 42 years old. Features include six bathrooms and a full basement finished with an apartment. The property is located in Broadview, Proviso Township, Cook County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted descriptions and assessment information on eight comparables. The comparable properties are described as being improved with two-story buildings that range in size from 3,620 to 5,359 square feet of living area. The comparable buildings are of masonry or frame construction that range in age from 38 to 46 years old. The comparables have from 3 to 6 bathrooms. Two comparables have slab foundations while the remaining comparables are described as having full basements finished with either apartments or a recreation room. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$17,022 to \$29,223 or from \$4.68 to \$5.63 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested the subject's

improvement assessment be reduced to \$19,413 or \$4.68 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" wherein the subject's final total assessment of \$30,312 was disclosed. The subject has an improvement assessment of \$27,792 or \$6.70 per square foot of living area. The board of review presented descriptions and assessment information on four comparable properties consisting of two-story multi-family buildings of masonry construction that range in size from 3,657 to 4,250 square feet of living area. These comparables have the same classification code and neighborhood code as the subject. One comparable has six apartments and three comparables have four apartments. Two comparables have full basements finished as an apartment or recreation room and two comparables have slab foundations. These properties have improvement assessments ranging from \$28,500 to \$33,052 or from \$7.78 to \$8.09 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

After reviewing the record and considering the evidence, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of this appeal. The Board further finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The appellant contends unequal treatment in the subject's improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. Taxpayers who object to an assessment on the basis of lack of uniformity bear the burden of proving the disparity of assessment valuations by clear and convincing evidence. Kankakee County Board of Review v. Property Tax Appeal Board, 131 Ill.2d 1 (1989). After an analysis of the assessment data, the Board finds the appellant has not met this burden.

The Board finds comparables #1 and #2 submitted by board of review to be most similar to the subject in size, age and features. Due to their similarities to the subject, these comparables received the most weight in the Board's analysis. These comparables had improvement assessments of \$7.78 and \$8.09 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$6.70 per square foot of living area is below the range established by the most similar comparables in the record. The Board gave less weight to appellant's comparables and board of review comparables #3 and #4 for such factors as size, construction and features. Based on this record the Board finds a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

Ronald R. Cuit

Chairman

Frank J. Huff

Member

Member

Shawn R. Lerbis

Member

Member

DISSENTING: _____

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: September 23, 2011

Allen Castrovillari

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing

complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.