FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Kathy J. Brown
DOCKET NO.: 07-24276.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 14-20-218-038-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Kathy J. Brown, the appellant, by attorney Michael Griffin in Chicago, and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds **no change** in the assessment of the property as established by the **Cook** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	$ 15,220
IMPR.:	$ 58,844
TOTAL:	$ 74,064

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

ANALYSIS

The subject property is improved with a two-story multi-family building of frame construction containing 2,851 square feet of building area. The building is 113 years old. Features of the building include three apartment units, a full basement finished with an apartment, and a two-car detached garage. The subject is located in Chicago, Lake View Township, Cook County.

The appellant's appeal is based on unequal treatment in the assessment process. The appellant submitted information on four comparable properties described as two-story frame or masonry multi-family buildings that range in age from 98 to 118 years old. The comparables have the same neighborhood and classification codes as the subject. The comparables range in size from 2,540 to 2,942 square feet of building area, and they have from two to four apartment units. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from $11.07 to $18.68 per square foot of building area. The subject's improvement assessment is $20.64 per square foot of building area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" wherein the subject's final assessment was disclosed. The board of review presented descriptions and assessment

information on four comparable properties consisting of two-story frame multi-family buildings that range in age from 108 to 118 years old. The comparables all have the same neighborhood and classification codes as the subject. The comparables range in size from 2,580 to 2,862 square feet of building area, and they have either two or three apartment units. Two buildings have full unfinished basements, and two have full basements finished with apartments. Each comparable has a two-car detached garage, and one has central air conditioning. These properties have improvement assessments ranging from $21.00 to $23.59 per square foot of building area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

After reviewing the record and considering the evidence, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of this appeal. The Board further finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The appellant contends unequal treatment in the subject's improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. Taxpayers who object to an assessment on the basis of lack of uniformity bear the burden of proving the disparity of assessment valuations by clear and convincing evidence. Kankakee County Board of Review v. Property Tax Appeal Board, 131 Ill.2d 1 (1989). After an analysis of the assessment data, the Board finds the appellant has not met this burden.

Both parties presented assessment data on a total of eight equity comparables. The appellant's comparables numbered one, two, and four had masonry exterior construction compared to the subject's frame exterior, and comparable one was smaller than the subject. As a result, these comparables received reduced weight in the Board's analysis. The comparables numbered one through three by the board of review were also smaller than the subject and likewise received reduced weight. The Board finds the appellant's comparable numbered one and the comparable numbered four by the board of review were very similar to the subject in size, age, design, and exterior construction. Due to their similarities to the subject, these comparables received the most weight in the Board's analysis. These comparables had improvement assessments of $18.58 and $21.26 per square foot of building area. The subject's improvement assessment of $20.64 per square foot of building area falls between these assessments. After considering adjustments and the differences in both parties' comparables when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's improvement assessment is equitable and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

Chairman

Member

Member

Member

Member

DISSENTING:

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: April 22, 2011

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing

complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board’s decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.