



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Archdiocese of Chicago
DOCKET NO.: 07-22256.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 05-34-214-008-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Archdiocese of Chicago, the appellant(s), by attorney Patrick J. Cullerton, of Thompson Coburn LLP in Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds a reduction in the assessment of the property as established by the Cook County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$ 27,548
IMPR.: \$ 74,466
TOTAL: \$ 102,014

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

ANALYSIS

The subject property contains a 9,700 square foot parcel of land improved with a two-story dwelling of masonry construction containing 2,700 square feet of living area. The dwelling is 82 years old. Features of the home include a full, unfinished basement, two and one half-baths, two fireplaces, and a two and one-half car garage.

The appellant's appeal is based on unequal treatment in the assessment process. The appellant submitted information on four comparable properties described as two-story frame and masonry, stucco, or masonry dwellings that range in age from 65 to 104 years old. The comparable dwellings range in size from 2,609 to 2,857 square feet of living area. The comparables have one to two baths, a fireplace, a two-car to two and one-half car garage, and a full or partial basement. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$25.21 to \$28.91 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment is \$31.91 per square foot of living area.

In addition the appellant also indicated that comparable #3 sold in July 2006 for \$900,000. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" wherein the subject's final assessment of \$113,704 was disclosed. The board of review presented descriptions and assessment information on four comparable properties consisting of two-story masonry dwellings that range in age from 81 to 97 years old. The dwellings range in size from 2,856 to 3,008 square feet of living area. The comparables have two and one half-baths to three and one half-baths, a full basement, two properties have air conditioning three have a fireplace and a one-car or two car garage. These properties have improvement assessments ranging from \$31.74 to \$34.98 per square foot of living area.

The board of review also indicated comparable #3 was purchased in June 2005 for \$1,137,500. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

After reviewing the record and considering the evidence, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of this appeal. The Board further finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The appellant contends unequal treatment in the subject's improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. Taxpayers who object to an assessment on the basis of lack of uniformity bear the burden of proving the disparity of assessment valuations by clear and convincing evidence. Kankakee County Board of Review v. Property Tax Appeal Board, 131 Ill.2d 1 (1989). After an analysis of the assessment data, the Board finds the appellant has met this burden.

The Board finds comparables submitted by the appellant were most similar to the subject in style, exterior construction, features and age. Due to their similarities to the subject, these comparables received the most weight in the Board's analysis. These comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from \$25.21 to \$28.91 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$31.91 per square foot of living area is within the range established by the most similar comparables. After considering adjustments and the differences in both parties' comparables when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's improvement assessment is not equitable and a reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

Ronald R. Cuit

Chairman

K. L. Fern

Member

Frank A. Huff

Member

Mario Morris

Member

J. R.

Member

DISSENTING: _____

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: August 28, 2012

Allen Castrovillari

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing

complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.