



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Joel Hastings
DOCKET NO.: 07-20109.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 15-36-303-072-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Joel Hastings, the appellant, by attorney Rusty Payton of the Law Offices of Rusty Payton, P.C., Chicago, Illinois; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds no change in the assessment of the property as established by the Cook County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$ 7,169
IMPR.: \$ 42,280
TOTAL: \$ 49,449

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

ANALYSIS

The subject property is improved with a two-story dwelling of masonry construction containing 2335 square feet of living area. The dwelling is 48 years old. Features of the home include a full, unfinished basement, a fireplace and a two and one-half-car garage.

The appellant's appeal is based on unequal treatment in the assessment process. The appellant submitted information on four comparable properties described as two-story masonry or frame and masonry dwellings that range in age from 16 to 59 years old. The comparable dwellings range in size from 2052 to 2774 square feet of living area. Features include full, finished basements. Two have central air conditioning, and two have fireplaces. The appellant did not indicate the size of any garages the comparables might have. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$11.54 to \$15.91 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment is \$18.11 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the

appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" wherein the subject's final assessment was disclosed. The board of review presented descriptions and assessment information on four comparable properties consisting of two-story masonry dwellings that range in age from 55 to 57 years old. The dwellings range in size from 2004 to 2208 square feet of living area. Features include full basements, three of which are finished. Three have central air conditioning and one-car to two-car garages. Three have one or two fireplaces. These properties have improvement assessments ranging from \$18.15 to \$19.92 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

After reviewing the record and considering the evidence, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of this appeal. The Board further finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The appellant contends unequal treatment in the subject's improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. Taxpayers who object to an assessment on the basis of lack of uniformity bear the burden of proving the disparity of assessment valuations by clear and convincing evidence. Kankakee County Board of Review v. Property Tax Appeal Board, 131 Ill.2d 1 (1989). After an analysis of the assessment data, the Board finds the appellant has not met this burden.

The Board finds the appellant's comparable #3 should be given less weight because it is of a different exterior construction than the subject. The remaining comparables submitted by the parties were generally similar to the subject, but some of the comparables supplied by both parties had features superior to the subject. These comparables had improvement assessments that ranged from \$11.54 to \$19.92 per square foot of living area. The subject's improvement assessment of \$18.11 per square foot of living area is within the range established by the most similar comparables and is lower than the \$18.15 per square foot assessment of the board of review's comparable #3 that was most similar to it overall. After considering adjustments and the differences in both parties' comparables when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's improvement assessment is

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equitable and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

Ronald R. Crit

Chairman

K. L. Fan

Member

Richard A. Huff

Member

Harold H. Lewis

Member

Member

DISSENTING:

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: December 23, 2009

Allen Castrovillari

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.