

PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD'S DECISION

APPELLANT: Ewa Chajec
DOCKET NO.: 06-29172.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 12-11-103-009-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Ewa Chajec, the appellant, and the Cook County Board of Review.

The subject property consists of a 37-year-old, two-story, multi-family dwelling of masonry construction containing 3,671 square feet of living area with five full bathrooms and a full-finished basement apartment. The subject is located in Jefferson Township, Cook County.

The appellant submitted evidence before the Property Tax Appeal Board claiming unequal treatment in the assessment process of the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this claim, the appellant submitted assessment data and descriptive information on four properties suggested as comparable to the subject. Based on the appellant's documents, the four suggested comparables consist of two-story, masonry constructed, 35 or 36-year-old, multi-family dwellings located on the same street and block as the subject. The improvements range in size from 3,497 to 4,371 square feet of living area. The comparables contain five full bathrooms. The improvement assessments range from \$10.25 to \$13.31 per square foot of living area. The appellant's evidence disclosed that the subject was purchased in November 2005 for a price of \$610,000.

The appellant also submitted a one-page letter disclosing that the subject improvement was in bad condition and required major remodeling and provided numerous photographs. The appellant's letter disclosed that the apartment on the first floor requires general remodeling; water pressure in the building is low due to old galvanized pipes which will have to be replaced; the insulation in the attic has to be replaced and a new roof is needed. Based on the evidence submitted, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

(Continued on Next Page)

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds no change in the assessment of the property as established by the Cook County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$ 10,137
IMPR.: \$ 47,915
TOTAL: \$ 58,052

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the subject's total assessment of \$58,052. The subject's improvement assessment is \$47,915 or \$13.05 per square foot of living area. In support of the assessment the board submitted property characteristic printouts and descriptive data on four properties suggested as comparable to the subject. The suggested comparables are improved with two-story, multi-family dwellings of masonry construction with the same neighborhood code as the subject. One comparable is located on the same street and block as the subject. The improvements range in size from 3,052 to 3,497 square feet of living area and range in age from 23 to 37 years. The comparables contain three or four full bathrooms, a two-car garage and a finished or unfinished basement. The improvement assessments range from \$13.23 to \$14.94 per square foot of living area. The board's evidence disclosed that the subject was purchased in November 2005 for \$610,000. Based on the evidence presented, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

After reviewing the record and considering the evidence, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of this appeal. The appellant's argument was unequal treatment in the assessment process. The Illinois Supreme Court has held that taxpayers who object to an assessment on the basis of lack of uniformity bear the burden of proving the disparity of assessment valuations by clear and convincing evidence. Kankakee County Board of Review V. Property Tax Appeal Board, 131 Ill.2d 1 (1989). The evidence must demonstrate a consistent pattern of assessment inequities within the assessment jurisdiction. After an analysis of the assessment data, the Board finds the appellant has not overcome this burden.

Both parties presented assessment data on a total of eight equity comparables. These eight properties have improvement assessments ranging from \$10.25 to \$14.94 per square foot of living area. The subject's per square foot improvement assessment of \$13.05 falls within the range established by these properties. In addition, the subject's per square foot improvement assessment is lower than four of the eight properties offered for comparison. After considering adjustments and the differences in both parties' comparables when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's per square foot improvement assessment is supported by the properties contained in the record.

Next, the appellant argued that the subject improvement was in bad condition and needed repairs. However, the appellant failed to provide the cost to cure the problems associated with the property. In addition, the appellant failed to show how the subject's market value was negatively affected by these problems. As a result of this analysis, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds the appellant has failed to adequately demonstrate that the subject dwelling was inequitably assessed by clear and convincing evidence and a reduction is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.



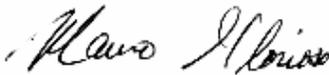
Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: January 23, 2009



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing

complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.