



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION  
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: William Magruder  
DOCKET NO.: 05-25116.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 18-05-104-008-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are William Magruder, the appellant(s), by attorney Joseph G. Kusper, of Storino Ramello & Durkin of Rosemont; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds no change in the assessment of the property as established by the Cook County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$ 11,318  
**IMPR.:** \$ 72,536  
**TOTAL:** \$ 83,854

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

**ANALYSIS**

The subject property consists of a 10,480 square foot parcel improved with a ten-year-old, two-story, single-family dwelling of stucco construction containing 3,195 square feet of living area and located in Lyons Township, Cook County. Features of the residence include two and one-half bathrooms, a full-unfinished basement, central air-conditioning, a fireplace and a two-car attached garage.

The appellant, through counsel, submitted evidence before the Property Tax Appeal Board arguing unequal treatment in the assessment process of the improvement as the basis of the

appeal. In support of this claim, the appellant submitted assessment data and descriptive information on three properties suggested as comparable to the subject. Based on the appellant's documents, the three suggested comparables consist of two-story, single-family dwellings of frame or frame and masonry construction located within several blocks of the subject. The improvements range in size from 2,658 to 3,629 square feet of living area and range in age from 63 to 67 years. The comparables contain from one and one-half to three full bathrooms, central air-conditioning, from one to three fireplaces and a one-car or two-car garage. The improvement assessments range from \$15.98 to \$16.93 per square foot of living area. Based on the evidence submitted, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the subject's total assessment of \$83,854. The subject's improvement assessment is \$72,536 or \$22.70 per square foot of living area. In support of the assessment the board submitted property characteristic printouts and descriptive data on three properties suggested as comparable to the subject. The suggested comparables are improved with two-story, single-family dwellings of stucco, masonry or frame and masonry construction located within three blocks of the subject. The improvements range in size from 2,156 to 3,127 square feet of living area and range in age from four to 56 years. The comparables contain from one to three and one-half bathrooms, a full-finished or unfinished basement, a fireplace and a two-car garage. Two comparables have central air-conditioning. The improvement assessments range from \$23.23 to \$23.74 per square foot of living area. Based on the evidence presented, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

After reviewing the record and considering the evidence, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of this appeal. The appellant's argument was unequal treatment in the assessment process. The Illinois Supreme Court has held that taxpayers who object to an assessment on the basis of lack of uniformity bear the burden of proving the disparity of assessment valuations by clear and convincing evidence. Kankakee County Board of Review V. Property Tax Appeal Board, 131 Ill.2d 1 (1989). The evidence must demonstrate a consistent pattern of assessment inequities within the assessment jurisdiction. After an analysis of the

assessment data, the Board finds the appellant has not overcome this burden.

Both parties submitted a total of six properties similar to the subject in amenities and location but with many variations in size, exterior construction and/or age. These six properties have improvement assessments ranging from \$15.98 to \$23.74 per square foot of living area. The subject's per square foot improvement assessment of \$22.70 falls within the range established by these properties. The Board finds of the six properties offered for comparison, one varies significantly from the subject in size, five vary in exterior construction and five are vastly inferior to the subject in age. The Board further finds the board of review's comparable one is the most similar property to the subject and has an improvement assessment of \$23.74 per square foot of living area. After considering adjustments for size, exterior construction and age, as well as other differences in both parties' suggested comparables when compared to the subject, the Board finds the evidence submitted by the parties does not support a change in the subject's assessment.

As a result of this analysis, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds the appellant has failed to adequately demonstrate that the subject dwelling was inequitably assessed by clear and convincing evidence and a reduction is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

*Ronald R. Crit*

Chairman

*K. L. Fan*

Member

*Richard A. Huff*

Member

*Harold H. Lewis*

Member

Member

DISSENTING:

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: December 23, 2009

*Allen Castrovillari*

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.