



**FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION
ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD**

APPELLANT: Charlie Cory
DOCKET NO.: 05-23207.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 14-29-130-010-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Charlie Cory, the appellant(s), by attorney Lisa A. Marino, of Marino & Assoc., PC of Chicago; and the Cook County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds no change in the assessment of the property as established by the Cook County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$ 7,040
IMPR.: \$ 35,012
TOTAL: \$ 42,052

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

ANALYSIS

The subject property consists of a 2,750 square foot parcel of land improved with a one-year old, three-story, masonry, single-family dwelling containing 3,389 square feet of living area, three and one-half baths, air conditioning, two fireplaces, and a full, finished basement. The appellant argued unequal treatment in the assessment process as the basis of the appeal.

In support of the equity argument, the appellant, via counsel, submitted information on a total of three properties suggested as comparable and located within one and one-half blocks of the subject. The properties are described as one-story, frame, single-family dwellings with one bath, a full basement with one finished, a fireplace for one property, and, for one property, air conditioning. The properties range: in age from 113 to 117 years; in size from 928 to 983 square feet of living area; and in

improvement assessments from \$16.08 to \$34.47 per square foot of living area.

The appellant's evidence includes a grid that lists the subject as property identification number (PIN) 14-29-130-009-0000 which is not the PIN of the property under appeal. The information submitted is on this PIN. However, there is a photograph of the subject property and as to the size and assessment amounts for 14-29-130-010, the PIN under appeal. This information indicates the same assessment figures for the subject property, but that the subject contains 978 square feet of living area. There is no other data to explain the differences between this information and the evidence provided by the board of review. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" wherein the subject's improvement assessment of \$35,012 or \$10.33 per square foot of living area when using 3,389 square feet of living area was disclosed. In support of the subject's assessment, the board of review presented descriptions and assessment information on a total of two properties suggested as comparable and located within the subject's neighborhood. The properties are described as three-story, masonry, single-family dwellings with three and one-half or four and one-half baths, air conditioning, two or three fireplaces, and a full, finished basement. The properties are one year old, contain 3,239 and 2,971 square feet of living area, and have improvement assessment of \$15.59 and \$15.33 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

After reviewing the record and considering the evidence, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of this appeal. The Board further finds a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The appellant contends unequal treatment in the subject's improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. Taxpayers who object to an assessment on the basis of lack of uniformity bear the burden of proving the disparity of assessment valuations by clear and convincing evidence. Kankakee County Board of Review v. Property Tax Appeal Board, 131 Ill.2d 1 (1989). After an analysis of the assessment data, the Board finds the appellant has not met this burden.

As to the appellant's evidence concerning the subject's size and the PIN information. The PTAB finds the appellant did not submit any descriptive information on the subject property, but on a property located next to the subject. The PTAB further finds that the appellant did not provide any information to show that the subject property contained 978 square feet of living area in the assessment year. Therefore, the PTAB finds the correct

description of the subject repertory was submitted by the board of review.

The parties submitted a total of five properties suggested as comparable to the subject. The PTAB finds the board of review's comparables are the most similar to the subject in design, size, construction, and age. Due to their similarities to the subject, these comparables received the most weight in the Board's analysis. These properties are masonry, three-story, single-family dwellings located in the subject's neighborhood. The properties are one year old, contain 3,239 and 2,971 square feet of living area, and have improvement assessment of \$15.59 and \$15.33 per square foot of living area. In comparison, the subject's improvement assessment of \$10.33 per square foot of living area is below the range of these comparables. After considering adjustments and the differences in both parties' comparables when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's per square foot improvement assessment is supported and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.

Ronald R. Cuit

Chairman

K. L. Fern

Member

Frank A. Huff

Member

Mario Morris

Member

Shawn R. Lerbis

Member

DISSENTING: _____

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: November 25, 2009

Allen Castrovillari

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.