

PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD'S DECISION

APPELLANT: H. Banchello  
DOCKET NO.: 04-24706.001-R-1  
PARCEL NO.: 04-26-408-025-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board (PTAB) are H. Banchello, the appellant, by attorney Mary T. Nicolau of Smith Davies & Nicolau of Chicago and the Cook County Board of Review (board).

The subject property consists of a 36-year-old, one-story single-family dwelling of masonry construction containing 1,976 square feet of living area and located in Northfield Township, Cook County. The residence contains two and one half bathrooms, a full basement, air conditioning, fireplaces and a two-car garage.

The appellant, through counsel, submitted evidence before the PTAB claiming unequal treatment in the assessment process as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument, the appellant offered four suggested comparable properties located within a quarter mile of the subject. These properties consist of one-story dwellings of frame, masonry or frame and masonry construction and range in age from 48 to 79 years. The comparables have one or two bathrooms with some half-baths and three have full or partial basements. Two homes are air-conditioned and two have fireplaces. Each site has a one, two or three-car garage. The comparables contain between 1,843 and 3,278 square feet of living area and have improvement assessments ranging from \$28,880 to \$53,156 or from \$13.54 to \$17.94 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's assessment.

The board submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" wherein the subject's final improvement assessment of \$41,203, or \$20.85 per square foot of living area, was disclosed. In support of the subject's assessment, the board offered two suggested comparable properties located within a quarter mile of the subject. The comparables consist of one-story single-family dwellings of frame

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Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds no change in the assessment of the property as established by the COOK County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$11,600  
IMPR. \$41,203  
TOTAL: \$52,803

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

PTAB/TMcG.

construction and are 37 or 47 years. The comparables contain one or two bathrooms, one with a half-bath, full or partial basements; one has air conditioning, one has a fireplace and one has a two-car garage. The comparables contain 1,802 or 2,056 square feet of living area and have improvement assessments of \$38,042 and \$45,295 or \$19.43 and \$22.03 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence, the board requested confirmation of the subject property's assessment.

After reviewing the record and considering the evidence, the PTAB finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of this appeal. The Illinois Supreme Court has held that taxpayers who object to an assessment on the basis of lack of uniformity bear the burden of proving the disparity of assessment valuations by clear and convincing evidence. Kankakee County Board of Review v. Property Tax Appeal Board, 131 Ill.2d 1 (1989). The evidence must demonstrate a consistent pattern of assessment inequities within the assessment jurisdiction. After an analysis of the assessment data, the PTAB finds the appellant has failed to overcome this burden.

The PTAB finds the appellant's comparables one and four and the board's two comparables are the comparables with weak comparability to the subject due to differences in construction materials. These four properties have improvement assessments ranging from \$13.54 to \$22.03 per square foot of living area. The subject's per square foot improvement assessment of \$20.85 is within this range of properties. The PTAB affords less weight to the remaining comparables because they are much less similar to the subject in living area or age. After considering the differences in both parties' suggested comparables when compared to the subject property, the PTAB finds the suggested evidence is insufficient to support a change in the subject's assessment.

As a result of this analysis, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds the appellant has not adequately demonstrated that the subject dwelling was inequitably assessed by clear and convincing evidence and no reduction is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.



Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: \_\_\_\_\_

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: December 7, 2007



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

**IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing

complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.