

PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD'S DECISION

APPELLANT: Millie Cejovic
DOCKET NO.: 04-21766.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 12-02-120-009-0000

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board (PTAB) are Millie Cejovic, the appellant, by attorney Melissa K. Whitley of Marino & Associates in Chicago, and the Cook County Board of Review (board).

The subject property consists of a 49-year-old, two-story, single-family dwelling of frame and masonry construction containing 1,917 square feet of living area and located in Leyden Township, Cook County. Features of the residence include two and one-half bathrooms, a two-car detached garage, a partial-finished basement and air-conditioning.

The appellant, through counsel, appeared before the PTAB arguing unequal treatment in the assessment process of the improvement as the basis of the appeal. In support of this claim, the appellant submitted assessment data and descriptive information on three properties suggested as comparable to the subject. The appellant also submitted a one-page brief, photographs of the subject and the suggested comparables as well as a copy of the board of review's decision. Based on the appellant's documents, the three suggested comparables consist of two-story, single-family dwellings of masonry or frame and masonry construction located within five blocks of the subject. The improvements range in size from 1,904 to 1,990 square feet of living area and range in age from 43 to 57 years. The comparables contain one and one-half or two and one-half bathrooms and a partial-finished basement. Two comparables contain air-conditioning and a two-car garage. The improvement assessments range from \$13.81 to \$18.53 per square foot of living area.

At hearing, the appellant's attorney argued that the appellant's comparables are similar to the subject and should be considered as such by the PTAB. Based on the evidence submitted, the

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Based on the facts and exhibits presented, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds a reduction in the assessment of the property as established by the Cook County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$ 7,020
IMPR.: \$ 33,547
TOTAL: \$ 40,567

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

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appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the subject's total assessment of \$44,026. The subject's improvement assessment is \$37,006 or \$19.30 per square foot of living area. In support of the assessment the board submitted property characteristic printouts and descriptive data on two properties suggested as comparable to the subject. The suggested comparables are improved with two-story, 53 or 62-year-old, single-family dwellings of frame and masonry construction with the same neighborhood code as the subject. The improvements contain 1,755 and 2,054 square feet of living area. The comparables contain two full bathrooms, a full-finished or unfinished basement, a fireplace and a one-car garage. One comparable has air-conditioning. The improvement assessments are \$20.34 and \$19.69 per square foot of living area, respectively. The board's evidence disclosed that the subject was purchased in June 2002 for \$540,000.

At hearing, the board's representative indicated that the board of review would rest on the written evidence submissions. Based on the evidence presented, the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

After hearing the testimony and considering the evidence, the Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of this appeal. The appellant's argument was unequal treatment in the assessment process. The Illinois Supreme Court has held that taxpayers who object to an assessment on the basis of lack of uniformity bear the burden of proving the disparity of assessment valuations by clear and convincing evidence. Kankakee County Board of Review V. Property Tax Appeal Board, 131 Ill.2d 1 (1989). The evidence must demonstrate a consistent pattern of assessment inequities within the assessment jurisdiction. After an analysis of the assessment data, the Board finds the appellant has overcome this burden.

The PTAB finds the appellant's comparables to be the most similar properties to the subject in the record. These three properties are similar to the subject in improvement size, amenities, age and location and have improvement assessments ranging from \$13.81 to \$18.53 per square foot of living area. The subject's per square foot improvement assessment of \$19.30 falls above the range established by these properties. The Board finds the board of review's comparables less similar to the subject in improvement size. After considering adjustments and the differences in both parties' suggested comparables when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's per square foot improvement assessment is not supported by the most similar properties contained in the record.

As a result of this analysis, the PTAB finds the appellant has adequately demonstrated that the subject dwelling was inequitably assessed by clear and convincing evidence and a reduction is warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code.



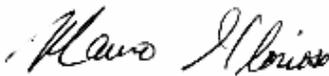
Chairman



Member



Member



Member



Member

DISSENTING: _____

C E R T I F I C A T I O N

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date: December 19, 2008



Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the

session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for the subsequent year directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A PETITION AND EVIDENCE WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.