

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT:	Zaya Davood
DOCKET NO.:	21-04647.001-R-1
PARCEL NO .:	15-28-318-002

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Zaya Davood, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds <u>*no change*</u> in the assessment of the property as established by the Lake County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND:	\$43,617
IMPR.:	\$172,338
TOTAL:	\$215,955

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 2-story dwelling of dryvit and stone exterior construction with 3,788 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 2006. Features of the home include a basement, that has finished area, central air conditioning, a fireplace and an attached 639 square foot garage. The property has an approximately 10,020 square foot site and is located in Buffalo Grove, Vernon Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity with respect to the subject's land as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on 12 comparable properties that are located within .07 of a mile from the subject. The comparables have improved sites ranging in size from 8,712 to 10,454 square feet of land area and have land assessments ranging from \$34,373 to \$43,934 or from \$3.95 to \$4.36 per square foot of land area.

Based on this evidence the appellant requested the subject's land assessment be reduced to \$41,579 or \$4.15 per square foot of land area.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$215,955. The subject property has a land assessment of \$43,617 or \$4.35 per square foot of land area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on four comparable properties that are located within .05 of a mile from the subject. The board of review's comparables #1 and #2 are the same properties as the appellant's comparables #2 and #8. The comparables have improved sites ranging in size from 8,710 to 10,020 square feet of land area and have land assessments ranging from \$37,992 to \$43,617 or \$4.35 and \$4.36 per square foot of land area.

The board of review argued the subject has the second lowest land assessment in the subject's neighborhood, which is lower than the mean and the median land assessments.

Based on this evidence the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The taxpayer contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The parties submitted a total of 14 comparable properties for the Board's consideration, two of which were submitted by both parties. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #2, #3, #4, #5, #10, #11 and #12, due to their smaller site size when compared to the subject. Likewise, the Board gives less weight to the board of review's comparables #1 and #3, which includes one of the parties' common comparables, due to their smaller site size when compared to the subject. The Board finds the parties' remaining comparables, which includes one of the parties' common comparables, are similar to the subject in location and site size. The best comparables have site sizes ranging from 9,580 to 10,454 and have land assessments ranging from \$39,799 to \$43,934 or from \$4.15 to \$4.36 per square foot of land area. The subject's land assessment of \$43,617 or \$4.35 per square foot of land area falls within the range established by the best comparables in the record. After considering adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's land is inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Chairman Member Member Member Member **DISSENTING:**

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:

September 19, 2023

Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

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COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085