

# FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: Troy Lohrmann
DOCKET NO.: 21-02736.001-R-1
PARCEL NO.: 05-16-301-005

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are Troy Lohrmann, the appellant, by attorney Robert Rosenfeld, of Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC in Chicago; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

**LAND:** \$40,640 **IMPR.:** \$100,511 **TOTAL:** \$141,151

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

### **Statement of Jurisdiction**

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2021 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

# Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a 1-story dwelling of wood siding exterior construction with 1,746 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1987 and is approximately 34 years old. Features of the home include a walkout basement with finished area, central air conditioning, two fireplaces, and a 748 square foot garage. The property has an approximately 19,785 square foot site and is located in McHenry, Grant Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends assessment inequity concerning the improvement assessment as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four equity comparables located from 0.28 of a mile to 1.06 miles from the subject and within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are improved with 1-story, 1.5-story, or 2-story homes of wood siding exterior construction ranging in size from 1,600 to 1,954 square feet of living area. The dwellings range in age from 13 to 87 years old. Three homes

each have a basement with finished area, two of which are walkout basements, one home has a concrete slab foundation. Each home features central air conditioning and a garage ranging in size from 360 to 800 square feet of building area. Three homes each have one or two fireplaces. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$69,784 to \$105,746 or from \$41.81 to \$54.12 per square foot of living area. Based on this evidence the appellant requested a reduction in the subject's improvement assessment.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$141,151. The subject property has an improvement assessment of \$100,511 or \$57.57 per square foot of living area.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment the board of review submitted information on seven equity comparables located from 0.41 of a mile to 1.05 miles from the subject and within the same assessment neighborhood code as the subject. The comparables are improved with 1-story homes of frame exterior construction ranging in size from 1,011 to 2,651 square feet of living area. The dwellings were built from 1950 to 2007, with comparables #1, #3, and #7 having effective ages of 1987, 1978, and 1986, respectively. Six homes each have a walkout basement, four of which have finished area, and one or two fireplaces. Each home has central air conditioning. Six homes each have one or two garages ranging in size from 400 to 864 square feet of building area. The comparables have improvement assessments ranging from \$52,724 to \$150,408 or from \$47.38 to \$69.58 per square foot of living area.

The board of review submitted notations for adjustments to its comparables, a map depicting the locations of its comparables in relation to the subject, and a sales ratio analysis. Based on this evidence the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

# **Conclusion of Law**

The appellant contends assessment inequity as the basis of the appeal. When unequal treatment in the assessment process is the basis of the appeal, the inequity of the assessments must be proved by clear and convincing evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of unequal treatment in the assessment process should consist of documentation of the assessments for the assessment year in question of not less than three comparable properties showing the similarity, proximity and lack of distinguishing characteristics of the assessment comparables to the subject property. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(b). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not warranted.

The record contains a total of eleven equity comparables for the Board's consideration. The Board gives less weight to the appellant's comparables #1, #2, and #4 and the board of review's comparables #1, #2, #3, #5, #6, and #7, due to substantial differences from the subject in design, dwelling size, age/effective age, foundation type, garage count, and/or location more than one mile from the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of assessment equity to be the appellant's comparable #3 and the board of review's comparable #4, which are more similar to the subject in design, dwelling size, location, and features, although these comparables have varying degrees of similarity to the subject in age. These two most similar comparables have improvement assessments of \$92,500

and \$105,423 or of \$48.25 and \$59.64 per square foot of living area, respectively. The subject's improvement assessment of \$100,511 or \$57.57 per square foot of living area is bracketed by the best comparables in this record. Based on this record and after considering appropriate adjustments to the best comparables for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the appellant did not demonstrate with clear and convincing evidence that the subject's improvement was inequitably assessed and a reduction in the subject's assessment is not justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

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<del></del>	Chairman
a R	Robert Stoffen
Member	Member
Dan De Kinin	Sarah Bokley
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

## **CERTIFICATION**

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	September 19, 2023
	Middle 15
	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

**IMPORTANT NOTICE** 

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

## PARTIES OF RECORD

### **AGENCY**

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

### **APPELLANT**

Troy Lohrmann, by attorney: Robert Rosenfeld Robert H. Rosenfeld & Associates, LLC 33 North Dearborn Street Suite 1850 Chicago, IL 60602

## **COUNTY**

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085