

FINAL ADMINISTRATIVE DECISION ILLINOIS PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD

APPELLANT: John Schwietert DOCKET NO.: 16-03214.001-R-1 PARCEL NO.: 14-27-401-027

The parties of record before the Property Tax Appeal Board are John Schwietert, the appellant, by attorney Ronald Kingsley, of Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC in Lake Forest; and the Lake County Board of Review.

Based on the facts and exhibits presented in this matter, the Property Tax Appeal Board hereby finds *No Change* in the assessment of the property as established by the **Lake** County Board of Review is warranted. The correct assessed valuation of the property is:

LAND: \$45,287 **IMPR.:** \$187,866 **TOTAL:** \$233,153

Subject only to the State multiplier as applicable.

Statement of Jurisdiction

The appellant timely filed the appeal from a decision of the Lake County Board of Review pursuant to section 16-160 of the Property Tax Code (35 ILCS 200/16-160) challenging the assessment for the 2016 tax year. The Property Tax Appeal Board finds that it has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter of the appeal.

Findings of Fact

The subject property consists of a one-story dwelling of brick/frame exterior construction with 4,685 square feet of living area. The dwelling was constructed in 1977. Features of the home include a partial basement, central air conditioning, three fireplaces and a 945 square foot attached garage. The property has a 58,448 square foot site and is located in Kildeer, Ela Township, Lake County.

The appellant contends overvaluation as the basis of the appeal. In support of this argument the appellant submitted information on four comparable sales located from .53 to 4.61 miles from the subject property. The comparables consist of one-story dwellings of brick or frame exterior construction ranging in size from 3,666 to 4,706 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed from 1968 to 1987. Each comparable has a basement, central air conditioning, one to three fireplaces and a garage ranging in size from 696 to 1,255 square feet of building area.

The comparables have sites ranging in size from 47,219 to 92,354 square feet of land area. The comparables sold from May 2014 to January 2016 for prices of \$475,000 to \$795,000 or from \$129.57 to \$168.93 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence the appellant requested an assessment reduction to \$215,488, reflecting a market value of \$649,843 or \$138.71 per square foot of living area, based on the 2016 three-year average median level of assessment for Lake County.

The board of review submitted its "Board of Review Notes on Appeal" disclosing the total assessment for the subject of \$233,153. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$703,115 or \$150.08 per square foot of living area, land included, when using the 2016 three-year average median level of assessment for Lake County of 33.16% as determined by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

In support of its contention of the correct assessment, the board of review submitted information on four comparable sales, three of which were utilized by the appellant, located from .46 to 1.585 miles from the subject property. The comparables were improved with one-story dwellings of frame or brick/frame exterior construction that range in size from 2,922 to 4,706 square feet of living area. The dwellings were constructed from 1968 to 1987. Each comparable has a full or partial basement, central air conditioning, one to three fireplaces, and a garage ranging in size from 525 to 1,255 square feet of building area. The comparables have sites ranging in size from 47,219 to 78,717 square feet of land area. These properties sold from May 2014 to January 2016 for \$555,500 to \$795,000 or from \$145.92 to \$198.49 per square foot of living area, including land. Based on this evidence the board of review requested confirmation of the subject's assessment.

Conclusion of Law

The appellant contends the market value of the subject property is not accurately reflected in its assessed valuation. When market value is the basis of the appeal the value of the property must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.63(e). Proof of market value may consist of an appraisal of the subject property, a recent sale, comparable sales or construction costs. 86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.65(c). The Board finds the appellant did not meet this burden of proof and no reduction in the subject's assessment is warranted.

The parties submitted five comparable sales for the Board's consideration. Three comparables were utilized by both parties. The Board gave less weight to appellant's comparable #3 and appellant's comparable #4/board of review comparable #4 due to their dated sales in May and October 2014, as they are less indicative of the subject's market value as of the January 1, 2016 assessment date. The Board also gave less weight to the board of review comparable #2, due to its smaller size, when compared to the subject.

The Board finds the best evidence of market value to be the appellant's comparable #1/board of review comparable #1 and appellant's comparable #2/board of review comparable #3. These comparables are most similar in location, design, age and features. These comparables sold for prices of \$555,500 and \$620,000 or \$145.92 and \$154.73 per square foot of living area, including land. The subject's assessment reflects a market value of \$703,115 or \$150.08 per square foot of living area, including land, which is above the range on the total market value and

is within the range on a price per square foot, including land, as established by the most similar comparable sales in this record. The subject property is superior in dwelling size and land area. After considering adjustments to the comparable sales for differences when compared to the subject, the Board finds the subject's estimated market value as reflected by the assessment is supported and no reduction is warranted. Based on this evidence the Board finds no reduction in the subject's assessment is justified.

This is a final administrative decision of the Property Tax Appeal Board which is subject to review in the Circuit Court or Appellate Court under the provisions of the Administrative Review Law (735 ILCS 5/3-101 et seq.) and section 16-195 of the Property Tax Code. Pursuant to Section 1910.50(d) of the rules of the Property Tax Appeal Board (86 Ill.Admin.Code §1910.50(d)) the proceeding before the Property Tax Appeal Board is terminated when the decision is rendered. The Property Tax Appeal Board does not require any motion or request for reconsideration.

Mauro Illorioso	
	Chairman
21. Fer	C. R.
Member	Member
Sobet Stoffen	Dan Dikini
Member	Member
DISSENTING:	

CERTIFICATION

As Clerk of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board and the keeper of the Records thereof, I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true, full and complete Final Administrative Decision of the Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board issued this date in the above entitled appeal, now of record in this said office.

Date:	February 13, 2019
	Stee M Wagner
	Clerk of the Property Tax Appeal Board

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Section 16-185 of the Property Tax Code provides in part:

"If the Property Tax Appeal Board renders a decision lowering the assessment of a particular parcel after the deadline for filing complaints with the Board of Review or after adjournment of the session of the Board of Review at which assessments for the subsequent year or years of the same general assessment period, as provided in Sections 9-125 through 9-225, are being considered, the taxpayer may, within 30 days after the date of written notice of the Property Tax Appeal Board's decision, appeal the assessment for such subsequent year or years directly to the Property Tax Appeal Board."

In order to comply with the above provision, YOU MUST FILE A <u>PETITION AND EVIDENCE</u> WITH THE PROPERTY TAX APPEAL BOARD WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THE ENCLOSED DECISION IN ORDER TO APPEAL THE ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY FOR THE SUBSEQUENT YEAR OR YEARS. A separate petition and evidence must be filed for each of the remaining years of the general assessment period.

Based upon the issuance of a lowered assessment by the Property Tax Appeal Board, the refund of paid property taxes is the responsibility of your County Treasurer. Please contact that office with any questions you may have regarding the refund of paid property taxes.

PARTIES OF RECORD

AGENCY

State of Illinois Property Tax Appeal Board William G. Stratton Building, Room 402 401 South Spring Street Springfield, IL 62706-4001

APPELLANT

John Schwietert, by attorney: Ronald Kingsley Lake County Real Estate Tax Appeal, LLC 13975 W. Polo Trail Drive #201 Lake Forest, IL 60045

COUNTY

Lake County Board of Review Lake County Courthouse 18 North County Street, 7th Floor Waukegan, IL 60085